



# မင်္ဂြန်င်

#### PART I EXTRAORDINARY

No.342

AMARAVATI, THURSDAY, MARCH 23, 2023

G.3710

## **NOTIFICATIONS BY GOVERNMENT**

--X--

#### MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION & URBAN DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT (H)

ANNAMAYYA URBAN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY, KADAPA – GIS BASED MASTER PLAN OF KADAPA MUNICIPAL CORPORATION IN THE JURISDICTION OF ANNAMAYYA URBAN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY – GENERAL TOWN PLANNING SCHEME (MASTER PLAN) – SANCTION UNDER SECTION 13 OF THE ANDHRA PRADESH METROPOLITAN REGION AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITIES ACT, 2016 (ACT NO.5 OF 2016) – CONFIRMATION – NOTIFICATION – ORDERS – ISSUED.

[G.O.Ms.No.39, Municipal Administration & Urban Development (H) Department, 21<sup>st</sup> March, 2023]

#### **NOTIFICATION**

In exercise of the powers conferred under section 13 of the Andhra Pradesh Metropolitan Region and Urban Development Authorities Act, 2016 (Act 5 of 2016), the Government of Andhra Pradesh hereby sanction the General Town Planning Scheme (Master Plan) for Municipal Corporation, Kadapa and its Vicinity Villages, subject to condition that the Building Rules and Layout Rules shall be as per the Andhra Pradesh Building Rules,2017 issued in G.O.Ms.No.119, MA&UD Department, dated:28.03.2017 and the Andhra Pradesh Land Development (Layout and Sub-division) Rules, 2017 issued vide G.O.Ms.No.275, MA&UD Department, dated:18.07.2017, and subsequent amendments thereon from time to time, respectively.

2. The confirmed Master Plan will be opened for perusal of the public at the offices of the Municipal Corporation, Kadapa/ANUDA/Vicinity Villages included in this scheme for a period of six months.

# KADAPA PLANNING AREA ZONING REGULATIONS

# Annamayya Urban Development Authority (ANUDA) Government of Andhra Pradesh

#### **Contents**

1.		AL REGULATIONS1	1
	Land	Use Categories of Master Plan	1
	Appli	icability of the Zoning Regulations	2
	Short	Title, Scope, Extent & Commencement	3
Title	<del>.</del>		3
		Scope of the Zoning Regulations	
		Jurisdiction	3
		Date of Commencement	
2.	GENI	ERAL CONDITIONS	4
Defi	nitions		4
3.	ZONI	ING REGULATIONS	12
	3.1	Residential Use Zone (R)	13
	3.2	Commercial Use	16
	3.3	Mixed Use	18
	3.4	Industrial Use	20
	3.5	Public and Semi-Public Use (Institutional) Zone (PS)22	
	3.6	Public Utilities Use Zone (PU)	25
	3.7	Recreational Open Space Use Zone (RE)	26
	3.8	Transportation Use Zone (T)	27
	3.9	Agricultural Use Zone (A)	28
	3.10	Growth Corridor Zone (GC)	31
	3.11	Special Area Zone (SA)	31
		Heritage Buildings and precincts	31
		Defense / Military Lands	31
	3.12	Protected Use Zone (PR)	32
	Ann	exure-A Categories of Industries/Projects/activities	.34

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 ZONING REGULATIONS

It is a statutory document prepared under the provisions and procedures prescribed under the relevant Acts. The Zoning Regulations are also sanctioned along with the Master Plan. Zoning Regulations is the legal instrument for implementing the land use policy as proposed in the Master Plan. Zoning Regulations contain a set of guidelines with regard to the permissibility of the right use and the correct location of each zone duly prohibiting the conflicting uses in order to achieve the objective of the Master Plan for orderly development of a given settlement.

Zoning is a planning control tool for regulating the built environment and creating functional real estate markets. It does so by dividing land that comprises the statutory area of a ULB into different zones, permitting particular land use on specific sites to shape the layout of towns and cities and enable various types of development.

The following 10 Development Promotion Zones [DPZ] and 02 Development Restriction Zones [DRZ] are proposed for the Master Plan area of Kadapa Municipal Corporation.

#### 1.2 Land Use Categories of Master Plan

The categories of land uses proposed in the Master Plan are as follows:

**Table 1-1 Land Use Zones Proposed in Master Plan** 

Sl. No.	Land Use Zone Category			
A	DEVELOPMENT PROMOTION ZONES [ D P Z]			
1	Residential Use Zone	(R)		
2	Commercial Use Zone	(C)		
3	Mixed Use Zone	(M)		
4	Industrial Use Zone  a) Work Center Zone (Green and White category Industries) b) Hazardous /Polluting industrial Zone (Red and Orange category Industries)	(I)		
5	Public and Semi-Public Use [Institutional] Zone	(PS)		
6	Public Utilities Use Zone	(PU)		
7	Recreational Open Space Use Zone	(RE)		
8	Transportation Use Zone	(T)		
9	Agriculture Use Zone	(A)		
10	Growth Corridor Use Zone	(GC)		
В	DEVELOPMENT RESTRI	ICTED ZONES [ D R Z]		
1	Special Area Use Zone	(SA)	It includes Heritage Buildings and Precincts, Defense / Military lands.	
2	Protected Use Zone	(PR)	It includes Water Bodies (Rivers, Nalas, Reservoirs and Kuntas) and Forest Areas.	

#### 1.3 Applicability of the Zoning Regulations

a. No development activity like layout, land pooling scheme, building activity or use of any land shall be permitted unless these are in conformity with the

- Master Plan land use, circulation network and the zoning of the uses and activities as given in this section and the building site requirements as given in these regulations.
- b. These regulations however will not prohibit the continuance of existing uses of lands and buildings that have been lawfully established and have a valid development permission obtained from the competent authorities as required under the prevailing statutory provisions and these Zoning and Development Promotion regulations, provided that no expansion of the existing non-conforming use or activity shall be permissible provided such conformed use is dangerous to life.
- c. All the layouts approved by the competent authorities as required under the prevailing statutory provisions or plots / layouts regularized by prior to these regulations and change of land use affected by government in the immediate preceding notified Master Plan from time to time shall continue to prevail irrespective of the land use zone proposed in the Master Plan.

#### 1.4 Short Title, Scope, Extent & Commencement

#### 1.4.1 Title

These Regulations shall be called the "Zoning Regulations for Kadapa Municipal Corporation Master Plan".

#### 1.4.2 Scope of the Zoning Regulations

The scope of these "Zoning Regulations" shall be limited to defining Land Use Zones and the activities permissible in each land use zone depicted in the Proposed Land Use Plan forming part of the Master Plans. Other aspects of development will be governed by relevant Building Rules, Layout Rules etc. issued by the Government from time. Competent Authorities under such regulations shall ensure that the developments permitted by them are in conformity with these Uniform Zoning Regulations.

#### 1.4.3 Jurisdiction

These Zoning Regulations shall apply to Kadapa Municipal Corporation area in Andhra Pradesh.

#### 1.4.4 Date of Commencement

These regulations shall come into force on such date as notified by the Government. The implementation and enforcement of the Master Plan shall be in accordance with these Zoning Regulations herein prescribed.

#### 2. GENERAL CONDITIONS

In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, the definition given as under shall have the meaning indicated against each term. Words and expressions not defined in these regulations shall have the same meaning or sense as in the Andhra Pradesh Metropolitan

Region and Urban Development Authorities Act, 2016, Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act 1964, Andhra Pradesh Building Rules 2017, AP Layout Rules 2017 as amended from time to time as defined in the National Building Code as the case may be, unless the context otherwise requires. All amendments / modifications made in the aforesaid regulations shall automatically stand deemed to have been included as part of these rules.

In these regulations the use of present tense includes the future tense, the masculine gender includes the feminine and the neutral. The singular number includes the plural and the plural includes the singular. The word 'Person' includes other public institutions, other agencies and individual. Writing includes printing and typing and signature includes 'Thumb impression' made by a person who cannot write if his name is written near to such thumb impression.

#### 2.1 Definitions

"Accessory Use" means any use of the premises subordinate to the principal use and customarily incidental to the principal use.

"Act" means the Andhra Pradesh Metropolitan Region and Urban Development Authorities Act, 2016, Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act 1964.

"Amenities" includes club house, convention halls, educational, commercial facilities, crèche, gymnasium, convenient shopping etc.,

"Appeal" Appeal against interpretation and decision of ULBs and UDAs lies with the DT&CP. Appeal against interpretation and decision of DTCP lies with the Government.

"Buffer area" means

an area of land separating adjacent land uses that is managed for the purpose of mitigating impacts of one use on the other.

an area within which sensitive uses are either restricted or prohibited.

A buffer area consists of a separation distance and one or more buffer elements. Buffer element is a natural or artificial feature that mitigates an adverse impact; a buffer may include open ground, a vegetation buffer and or acoustic barrier.

"Building" means a structure constructed with any materials whatsoever for any purpose, whether used for human habitation or not and includes-

Foundation, Plinth, Walls, Floors, Chimneys, Plumbing and Building services, Fixed Platforms etc.

Verandahs, Balconies, Cornices, Projections etc.

Parts of a building or anything affixed thereto,

Any wall enclosing or intended to enclose any land or space, sign and outdoor display structures etc.

Tanks constructed or fixed for storage of chemicals or chemicals in liquid form and for storage of water, effluent, swimming pool, ponds etc.

All types of buildings defined below shall be considered to be 'buildings' except tents, shamianas and tarpaulin shelters erected temporarily for temporary purposes and ceremonial occasions.

"Assembly Building" means a building or part thereof where groups of people congregate or gather for amusement, recreation, social, religious, patriotic, civil,

travel and similar purposes and includes buildings of drama and cinema theatres, city halls, town halls, auditoria, exhibition halls, museums, marriage hall, skating rings, gymnasia, stadia, restaurants, eating or boarding houses, place of worship, dance halls, clubs, gymkhanas, road, air, sea or other public transportation stations and recreation piers.

"Business Building" means any building or part thereof used for transaction of record therefore, offices, banks, all professional establishments, court houses classified as business buildings if their principal function is transaction of business and/or keeping of books and records.

"**Detached Building'** means a building with walls and roofs independent of any other building and with open spaces on all sides within the same plot.

"Semi-Detached Building" means a building having one or more side attached with wall and roof with other building.

"Row House" means a row of houses on adjacent plot with a common wall with only front, rear and/or interior open spaces. The house at the end of the row shall however have side open space as prescribed.

"Educational Building" means a building exclusively used for a school or college, recognized by the appropriate Board or University, or any other Competent Authority involving assembly for instruction, education or recreation incidental to educational use, and including a building for such other user's incidental thereto such as a library or a research institution. It shall also include quarters for essential staff required to reside in the premises, and a building used as a hostel captive to an educational institution whether situated in its campus or not.

"Hazardous Building" means a building or part thereof used for-

Storage, handling, manufacture or processing or radioactive substances or of highly combustible or explosive materials or products which are liable to burn with extreme rapidity and/or producing poisonous fumes.

Storage, handling, manufacture or processing of which involves highly corrosive, toxic obnoxious alkalis, acids, or another liquids, gases or chemicals producing flame, fumes, and explosive mixtures or which result in division of matter into fine particles capable of spontaneous ignition.

"Industrial Building" means a building or part thereof wherein products or, material are fabricated, assembled or processed, such as assembly plants, laboratories, power plants, refineries, gas plants, mills, dairies and factories etc.

"Institutional Building" means a building constructed by Government, Semi-Government organizations, public sector undertakings, registered Charitable Trusts for their public activities, such as education, medical, recreational and cultural, hostel for working women or men or for an auditorium or complex for cultural and allied activities or for an hospice, care of orphans, abandoned women, children and infants, convalescents, destitute or aged persons and for penal or correctional detention with restricted liberty of the inmates ordinarily providing sleeping

accommodation, and includes dharamshalas, hospitals, sanatoria, custodian and penal institutions such as jails, prisons, mental hospitals, houses of correction, detention and reformatories building constructed for the promotion of Tourism such as, stared hotels, clubs, golf course, sport stadium and all activities of Tourist Unit as may be declared by Government from time to time.

"Mercantile Building" means a building or part thereof used as shops, stores or markets, for display and sale of wholesale or retail goods or merchandise, including office, storage and service facilities incidental thereto located in the same building.

"High-rise Building"means a building with 18 meters and above (including stilt floor) in height. However Chimneys, cooling towers, Boiler rooms/Lift machine rooms, Cold storage and non-working areas in case of industrial buildings and water tanks and architectural features in respect of other buildings may be permitted as a non-high-rise building.

"Office Building" (premises), means a building or premises or part thereof whose sole or principal use is for an office or for office purposes or clerical work. Office purposes include the purpose of administration, clerical work, handling money, telephone, telegraph and computer operation; and clerical work includes writing, book-keeping, sorting papers typing, filing, duplicating, punching cards or tapes, machines calculations, drawing of matter for publication and editorial preparation of matter of publication.

"Public Building" means a building constructed by Government, Semi government organizations, public sector undertakings, registered Charitable Trust or such other organizations for their non-profitable public activities.

"Residential Building" means a building in which sleeping accommodation is provided for normal residential purposes, with or without cooking or dining facilities, and includes one or more family dwellings, lodging or boarding houses, hostels, dormitories, apartment houses, flats and private garages such buildings.

"Heritage Building" means a building possessing architectural, aesthetic, historic or cultural values which is declared as heritage building by the Authority

"Heritage Precinct" means an area comprising heritage building or buildings and precincts thereof or related places.

"Storage Building" means a building or part thereof used primarily for storage or shelter of goods, merchandise and includes a building used as a warehouse, cold storage freight depot, transit shed, store house, public garage, hanger, truck terminal grain elevator, barn and stable.

"Unsafe Building" means a building which, is structurally unsafe, is insanitary, is not provided with adequate means of egress, constitutes a fire hazard.

is dangerous to human life,

in relation to its existing use constitutes a hazard to safety or health or public welfare by reasons of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation or abandonment.

"Wholesale establishment" means an establishment wholly or partly engaged in wholesale trade and manufactures wholesale outlets, including related storage facilities, warehouses and establishments engaged in truck transport, including truck transport booking warehouses.

"Convenient shopping" means premises used for a group of shops comprising those dealing with day to day requirements, as distinguished from wholesale trade or shopping. It includes-

Bicycle hire and repair shops,

Books and stationery shops or stores,

Cloth and garment shops,

Florists,

Food-grains or ration shops, each with carpet area not exceeding 50 Sq. m,

Groceries, confectioneries, and general provision shops, each with a carpet area not exceeding 50 sq. m,

Hair dressing saloons and beauty parlors,

Medical and dental practitioner's dispensaries or clinics, pathological or diagnostic clinics and pharmacies, each with a carpet area not exceeding 50 sq. m,

Milk and milk products shops,

Newspaper, magazine stalls and circulating libraries,

Plumbers, electricians, radio, television and video equipment repair shops and audio/video libraries,

Restaurants and eating houses each with a carpet area not exceeding 50 sq. m,

Shoes and sports shops each with a carpet area not exceeding 75 sq. m,

Shop for collecting and distribution of clothes and other materials for cleaning and dyeing establishments,

Shops dealing in ladies ornaments such as bangles, fancy and gift items etc.,

Shops selling bakery products,

Tailor or darner shops,

Vegetable and fruits shops.

#### "Developer" means,

a person who constructs or causes to be constructed an independent building or a building consisting of apartments, or converts an existing building or a part thereof into apartments, for the purpose of selling all or some of the apartments to other persons and includes his assignees; or

a person who develops land into a project, whether or not the person also constructs structures on any of the plots, for the purpose of selling to other persons all or some of the plots in the said project, whether with or without structures thereon; or

any development authority or any other public body in respect of allottees of—

buildings or apartments, as the case may be, constructed by such authority or body on lands owned by them or placed at their disposal by the Government, or

plots owned by such authority or body or placed at their disposal by the Government, for the purpose of selling all or some of the apartments or plots; or

an apex State level co-operative housing finance society and a primary co-operative housing society which constructs apartments or buildings for its members or in respect of the allottees of such apartments or buildings; or

any other person who acts himself as a builder, coloniser, contractor, promoter, estate developer or by any other name or claims to be acting as the holder of a power of attorney from the owner of the land on which the building or apartment is constructed or plot is developed for sale; or

such other person who constructs any building or apartment for sale to the general public.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, where the person who constructs or converts a building into apartments or develops a plot for sale and the persons who sells apartments or plots are different persons, both of them shall be deemed to be the promoters and shall be jointly liable as such for the functions and responsibilities specified in these rules;

"Development" means development with its grammatical variations means the carrying out of building, engineering, mining or other operations in or over, or under land or water or the making of any material change, in any building or land, or in the use of any building or land, and includes re-development and layout for sub-division of any land, and "to develop" shall be construed accordingly.

"Drain" means a system or a line of pipes, with their fittings and accessories such as manholes, inspection chambers, traps gullies, floor traps used for drainage of building or yards appurtenant to the buildings within the same cartilage. A drain includes an open channel for conveying surface water or a system for the removal of any liquid.

"**Dwelling**" means a building or a portion there of which is designed or used wholly or principally for residential purposes. This shall not include boarding or rooming houses, tents, tourist camps, hotels for other structures designed or used primarily for transient residents.

"**Dwelling Unit**" means a shelter consisting of residential accommodation for one family. It is an independent housing unit with separate facilities for living, cooking and sanitary requirements.

**"Enforcement Authority"** means the Vice Chairman of the UDAs, Municipal Commissioners of the ULBs and Panchayat Secretaries of the respective Gram Panchayats;

"Existing Building" means use of a building or a structure existing authorized before the commencement of these Regulations.

"Existing Use" means use of a building or a structure existing authorized before the commencement of these Regulations.

"Floor" means the lower surface in a storey on which one normally walks in a building, and does not include a Mezzanine Floor. The floor at ground level with a direct access to a street or open space shall be called the Ground Floor; the floor above it shall be

termed as Floor 1, with the next higher floor being termed as Floor 2, and so on upwards. Similarly the floors below ground levels shall be termed as Basement Floor 1, Basement Floor 2 with number decreasing downwards.

"Land" includes benefits to arise out of land, things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth.

"Land Use" means the principal use of land for which a plot of land or building thereon is used or intended to be used. For the purpose of classification of a plot according to the land uses, a land use shall deem to include subsidiary land uses which are contingent upon it.

"Licensed/Town Planner/Architect/Engineer/Structural Engineer/ Supervisor" means a qualified Town Planner, Architect, Engineer, Structural Engineer, Supervisor who has been licensed by the Competent Authority under relevant rules and also called as Licensed Technical Personnel.

"Neighborhood Centre and Civic Centre" means Neighborhood Centre and Civic Center shall include following activities such as sectoral shopping center, market, office building, cinema, small hospital, playground, swimming pool, Town hall, open air theatre, civic and cultural facilities, library, higher secondary school, parking plots, public utility and service building such as post office, fire station, police station, religious building and building of public uses.

"Non-conforming Building or Use" means a building, structure or use of land existing at the time of commencement of these regulations and which does not conform to the regulations pertaining to the zone in which it is situated.

"Occupancy or Use" means the principal occupancy or use for which a building or a part of it is used or intended to be used, including contingent subsidiary occupancies; mixed occupancy building being those in which more than one occupancy are present in different portions of the building.

"Open Space" means an area, forming an integral part of the site left open to the sky and includes area left for community purposes.

"Owner" means the person who receives the rent for the use of the land or building or would be entitled to do so if they were let.

NOTE: The term Owner is synonymous with the term 'applicant'.

An agency or trustee who receives such rent on behalf of the owner,

A receiver, executor or administrator or manager appointed by any court of competent jurisdiction to have the charge of or to exercise the right of the owner,

An agency or trustee who receives the rent of or is entrusted with or is concerned with any building devoted to religious or charitable purposes,

A mortgage of a lease holder so empowered.

"Parking Space" means an area enclosed or unenclosed, covered or open, sufficient in size to park vehicles, together with a drive way connecting the parking space with a street or alley and permitting ingress and egress of the vehicles.

"Permanent Open Air Space" means air space permanently open--

If it is a street,

If its freedom from encroachment is protected by any low or contract ensuring that the ground below it is either a street or is permanently and irrevocably appropriated as an open space.

In determining the open air space required for construction of a building, any space occupied by an existing structure may, if it is ultimately to become a permanently open air space, be treated as if it were already such a place.

"Plot" means a portion of land held in single or joint ownership enclosed by definite boundaries other than the land used, allotted, earmarked or set apart for any street, lane, passage, pathway, conservancy lane or for any other public purpose.

"Road/Street" means any highway, street, lane, pathway, alley, stairway, passageway, carriageway, footway, square place or bridge, whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of passage or access or have passed and had access uninterruptedly for a specified period, whether existing or proposed in any scheme, and includes all bunds channels, ditches, storm water drains, culverts, sidewalks, traffic islands, road-side trees and, hedges retaining walls, fences, barriers and railings within the street lines.

"Road/Street-Level or Grade" means the officially established elevation or grade of the centre line of the street upon which a plot fronts, and if there is no officially established grade, the existing grade of the street at its mid-point.

"Road/Street Line" means the line defining the side limits of a road/street.

"Service-Road" means a lane from a wider street provided at the front of a plot for service purposes.

"Utility" means roads, streets, open spaces, parks, recreational grounds, playgrounds, gardens, water supply, electric supply, street lighting, drainage, sewerage, public works and other utilities, communication network, services and convenience.

"Village Settlement or GramaKhantam or Agraharam or Abadi" means all lands that have been included as Agraharam/Abadi by the Government/ Collector within the site of village and includes existing village hamlets.

"Warehouse" or "Godown" means a building, the whole or a substantial part of which is used or intended to be used for the storage of goods whether for storing or for sale or for any similar purpose. It is neither a domestic nor a public building, nor merely a shop if so used not a store attached to and used for the proper functioning of a shop.

"Water Course" means a natural channel or an artificial channel formed by draining or diversion of a natural channel meant for carrying storm and waste water.

"Water Bodies" means the designated areas for flow of water such as Nallas, Canals, Vagus, River etc. and designated areas for storage of water such as Tanks, Cheruvu, SS Tanks etc. The measurement of all water bodies should be as per irrigation records/revenue records and in case of any discrepancy the relevant revenue/irrigation records stands final.

"Width of a Street / Road" means the clear average width of the existing carriage way and footpaths only on which the building or plot line abuts. The average width shall be computed by taking length of street between two extreme points on building unit abutting the street at right angles to the direction of such streets excluding the steps projections, forecourts, open areas of other spaces in front of the building erected or intended to be erected. However in case where a regular line of street is prescribed by the Competent Authority, such width shall be considered for the purpose of computing building height. And when applied to a new road/street the road width means the whole extent of space within the boundaries of a road as laid down in the City Survey or development plan or prescribed road lines by any Act or land and measured at right angles to the course or intended course of direction of such road

**"Zonal Development Plan"** means a plan detailing out the proposals of Master Plan/Development Plan prepared under the provisions of the Act.

#### 3. ZONING REGULATIONS

In the Proposed Land Use Plan of the Master Plan, various land use zones are proposed under two broad categories (A) Development Promotion Zone [DPZ] and (B) Development Restricted Zone [DRZ]having their zonal boundaries as indicated shall be regulated as per the regulations given below.

A. Under the **Development Promotion Zone [DPZ]**, the land use zones proposed are:

- 1) Residential Use Zone (R),
- 2) Commercial Use Zone(C),
- 3) Mixed Use Zone(M),
- 4) Industrial Use Zone(I),
  - a) Work Centre zone (Green and White Industries)
  - b) Hazardous /Polluting industrial zone (Red and Orange Industries)
- 5) Public and Semi-Public Use (Institutional) Zone (PS),
- 6) Public Utilities Use Zone (PU),
- 7) Recreational Open Space Use Zone (RE)
- 8) Transportation Use Zone(T),
- 9) Agricultural Use Zone(A) and

Growth Corridor Use Zone (GC).

B. Under **Development Restricted Zone [DRZ]**, the land uses proposed are:

(1 Special Area Use Zone (SA)

[Includes Heritage Buildings and Precincts, Defense / Military Lands]

#### (2 Protected Use Zone (PR)

[Includes water bodies (Rivers, Nalas, Reservoirs and Kuntas) and Forest Areas]

Except as otherwise provided, no structure or land hereinafter shall be used and no structure shall be erected, re-erected or altered unless its use is in conformity with these regulations. The uses not mentioned below may be treated as prohibited against their uses.

The Zoning Regulations contain the following classification of broad land use zones. These regulations specify uses that are permissible in the normal course in each land use zones.

#### A. Development Promotion Zone [DPZ]

R

#### 3.1 Residential Use Zone (R)

In the Residential Zone, buildings or premises shall be normally permitted only for the following purposes and accessory uses.

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.1.1	All residential buildings	
	Apartments/Group Housing	
	Group Development Schemes	
	Shop cum residences	
	Residential Township	
3.1.2	• Hostels	
	Boarding House	
3.1.3	Community Halls/Auditorium (Constructed by the	
	Government Agencies)	
	<ul> <li>Night Shelter, Dharmashala, homes for senior</li> </ul>	
	citizens, orphanages, physically	
	challenged/disabled/handicapped people, Clubs,	
	Cultural and Philanthropic associations of non-	
	commercial nature	
	Community center without commercial activity	
3.1.4	Guest houses	
	Service Apartment	
	Bachelor quarters	
	Staff Quarters	
3.1.5	Post-offices	
	<ul> <li>Police stations</li> </ul>	
	• Fire stations	
	<ul> <li>Individual Professional Offices</li> </ul>	
	Electric sub-stations	
	<ul> <li>Community toilets/Public toilets</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Disaster Risk resilience center</li> </ul>	
	Government/Semi Government/Local body offices	
3.1.6	Professional establishments up to plot area of 500	12 m
	sq.m	

3.1.7	•	Playgrounds and Play fields	18 m and above
	•	Libraries	
	•	Gardens	
	•	Parks	
	•	Tot-lots	
	•	Exhibition and art gallery	
	•	Plant nurseries	
	•	SPA, Beauty parlor	
	•	Aerobic Center	
	•	Gymnasium	
	•	Swimming pool	
	•	Yoga centers / health clinics	
	•	Games facilities Indoor and Outdoor	
3.1.8	•	Customary home occupations and cottage industries	
		not involving the use or installation of any	
		machinery driven by power of any kind and which	
		do not create noise up to 5 HP subject to limit of 5	
		employees' vibration, smoke, dust, etc. Provided that	
		such home occupations and cottage industries shall	
		not be permissible in residential apartments or Row	,
		house.	
	•	Power loom of 10 HP for any twisting.	
	•	Vehicle service centers up to 5 HP	
	•	Water Plants below 10 HP	
	•	Flour mill up to 15 HP	
3.1.9	•	Tiffin centers/Restaurants/Food Courts/Curry point	12 m
	•	Bakeries/canteen/Juice centers	
3.1.10	•	Professional establishments in individual buildings	
		within plot area up to 500 sq.m	10
	•	Nursery School	12 m
0.4.4.4	•	Primary School	
3.1.11	•	High school	18 m
	•	Research institutes (non-hazardous nature)	
	•	Technical training centers	
	•	Tutorial Institutions	
3.1.12	•		18 m
	•	Departmental stores	
	•	Internet café centers	
	•	IT enabled services on independent plots	
	•	Electronic printing press	
	•	Computer software units	
3.1.13	•	Three wheeler stands	
	•	Bus stops	
	•	Vehicle parking including multilevel car parking	
3.1.14	•	Cell/Mobile Towers	
3.1.15	•	Weekly markets	
3.1.16	•	Religious premises (Temples, Mosques, Churches	
		and other religious buildings etc)	
3.1.17	•	Kalyanamandapam/Function Hall	Minimum road

		width 24m in respect of corporations and 18 m in respect of other Municipalities and Nagar Panchayats
3.1.18	<ul> <li>Poly Clinic/Dispensary/Medical shops/First Aid centers</li> </ul>	12 m road
3.1.19	<ul> <li>Nursing Homes/Hospitals in the plots with not more than 500 sq.m</li> <li>Diagnosis centers in the plots with not more than 500 sq.m.</li> </ul>	12 m road
3.1.20	<ul> <li>Diagnosis centers in the plots with 500 sq.m. to 1000 sq.m</li> <li>Nursing Homes/Hospitals in the plots with 500 sq.m to 1000 sq.m</li> </ul>	18 m road
3.1.21	Petrol filling stations without service stations	18 m road
3.1.22	<ul> <li>Retail Gas outlets/LPG</li> </ul>	12 m road
3.1.23	<ul> <li>Battery Recharge stations</li> </ul>	

<sup>\*</sup>All Commercial uses are permissible abutting 24 m and above road widths in respect of Municipal Corporations and 18m and above road in respect of Municipalities and Nagar Panchayats.

#### 3.2 Commercial Use

S.No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.2.1	• All uses permissible in residential uses are permissible	
3.2.2	<ul> <li>Restaurants &amp; Bar/Canteen/Eating houses</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Hotels</li> </ul>	
	Banquet halls	
	• Lodges	
3.2.3	<ul> <li>Educational institutions like Primary Schools</li> </ul>	12 m
	All other Educational institutions	18 m
3.2.4	<ul> <li>Offices</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Banks</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Financial institutions</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Stock exchanges</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Hostels</li> </ul>	
3.2.5	<ul> <li>Family entertainment centers</li> </ul>	18 m
3.2.6	Hospitals	
	<ul> <li>Bio-informatics centers</li> </ul>	
3.2.7	Public utility buildings	
	<ul> <li>Government offices research and social services</li> </ul>	
	institutions	
	<ul> <li>Govt./Semi-Govt/Local Body Offices</li> </ul>	

3.2.8	<ul> <li>Petrol/Gas/Diesel/Bio-Diesel filing stations with</li> </ul>	
	service stations	
	Weigh bridges	
3.2.9	• IT Parks	
	Manufacture of computer hardware	
3.2.10	<ul> <li>Service industries not involving manufacture.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Clean industries and not exceeding 20 HPEM</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Automobile service stations, auto mobile showrooms,</li> </ul>	
	and workshops with installation not exceeding 50 HP	
3.2.11	<ul> <li>Taxi and scooter stand</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Transport terminals viz. Bus bays/local bus stands/Bus</li> </ul>	
	terminals and Depots / Railway / Metro / BRTS	
	Stations/Yards	
	Truck Parking	
3.2.12	<ul> <li>Cinema Theatres/Miniplex/Multiplex Such uses for public gathering</li> </ul>	
3.2.13	Large scale commercial establishments	
	<ul> <li>Wholesale shops</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Professional business establishments</li> </ul>	
3.2.14	Malls, Hospitality including Hotels	
	• Motels	
	<ul> <li>Holiday Resorts</li> </ul>	
3.2.15	Film and allied Production Activities - Film and Video	
	Shooting Sites, Film Studios on Land not less than 2.5	
	ha with studio and other related facilities	
3.2.16	Convention Centers	
3.2.17	Kalyan mandapam/Function hall	
3.2.18	Warehouses and other uses connected with storage of	where minimum road
	wholesale trade in commodities	width is 18m in
	<ul> <li>Wholesale markets and Mandis</li> </ul>	respect of
	<ul> <li>Fruit and Vegetable markets</li> </ul>	municipalities and in
	3	municipal
	Cattle fair ground	corporation 24m
3.2.19	Timber storage	-
	<ul> <li>Cold storages and ripening chambers</li> </ul>	
	Weigh bridges	
	<ul> <li>Gas Godowns</li> </ul>	
3.2.20	Broadcasting, telecasting and telecommunication	
	stations	
3.2.21	Private helipads subject to clearance by Civil Aviation	
	department	
3.2.22	Newspaper offices with printing press	
	Oil rotaries, printing press not exceeding 20 HPEM	

## 3.3 Mixed Use

All activities permissible in Residential use zone are permissible in mixed use including the following:

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.3.1	Banks and Safe Deposit Vaults	12 m
	<ul> <li>Business Office</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Other Commercial or Financial Institutions</li> </ul>	
	(occupying a floor area not exceeding 500 sq.m.)	
3.3.2	Public Utility Buildings	12 m
	<ul> <li>Government office</li> </ul>	
3.3.3	• Hotels	12 m
	<ul> <li>Motels</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Restaurants</li> </ul>	
	(occupying a floor area not exceeding 500 sq.m.)	
3.3.4	• Malls	18 m
	Holiday Resorts	
	Miniplex	
	Convention centres/Kalyana mandapam /Function	
	hall	
3.3.5	Hostels	12 m
3.3.3	<ul> <li>Dormitories</li> </ul>	12 111
	<ul> <li>Boarding and Lodging houses</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Other Welfare Institutions</li> </ul>	
	(occupying a floor area not exceeding 500 sq.m.)	
3.3.6	All educational Institutions	18 m
3.3.0	IT Parks	10 111
	<ul><li>Manufacture of computer hardward</li></ul>	
3.3.7	Clinics	12 m
3.3.7		12 m
	Hospitals	
	• Dispensaries	
	Nursing Homes     Nursing Homes	
	• Other Health facilities	
2.2.0	(occupying a floor area not exceeding 1000 sq.m.)	10
3.3.8	Establishments and shops retailing in	12 m
	• Vegetables	
	• Fruits	
	• Flowers	
	• Fish	
	• Meat	
	<ul> <li>Other daily necessities of the residents</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Departmental stores</li> </ul>	
	(occupying a floor area not exceeding 500 sq.m.)	
3.3.9	<ul> <li>Organized markets</li> </ul>	12 m
	<ul> <li>Bakeries</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Confectionaries</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Laundries</li> </ul>	
	• Tailoring	
	Goldsmith shops	
	Hairdressing saloons	
	(occupying a floor area not exceeding 500 sq.m.)	
3.3.10	• Fuel filling stations	12 m

	<ul> <li>Automobile service stations</li> <li>(with installation not exceeding 30HP)</li> </ul>	
3.3.11	<ul> <li>Taxi stands</li> <li>Car parking including multilevel parking</li> <li>Automobile workshop with</li> <li>(floor area not exceeding 300 sq.m)</li> </ul>	12 m
3.3.12	<ul> <li>Broadcasting, telecasting and telecommunication stations</li> <li>Newspaper offices with printing press</li> </ul>	12 m
3.3.13	<ul> <li>Electrical installations not exceeding 15 H.P</li> </ul>	12 m

#### 3.4 Industrial Use

## 3.4.(a) Work Center Zones

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.4a.1	All types of industries mentioned in Annexure-A	
	under Green and White categories Industries	
3.4a.2	<ul> <li>Wholesale business establishments</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Ware-housing &amp; storage</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Newspaper offices with printing press</li> </ul>	
3.4a.3	<ul> <li>Petrol filling stations with garages and service</li> </ul>	
	stations	
3.4a.4	<ul> <li>Contractors plants</li> </ul>	
3.4a.5	Parks and playgrounds	
	<ul> <li>Sports and recreation use</li> </ul>	
3.4a.6	Public utility buildings	
3.4a.7	Restaurants	
3.4a.8	Transport terminals for goods and passengers	
	Junk yards	
	<ul> <li>Taxi stands</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Stock yards</li> </ul>	
3.4a.9	<ul> <li>Residential buildings for staff</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Shops, Watch and Ward staff quarters incidental to</li> </ul>	
	main use	
3.4a.10	<ul> <li>Loading and unloading spaces</li> </ul>	
3.4a.11	• Commercial entertainment of a transient nature like	
	circus	
3.4a.12	<ul> <li>Hospitals</li> </ul>	Upto 1000 Sqm site
	<ul> <li>Nursing homes</li> </ul>	area and 18 m road
	<ul> <li>Dispensary</li> </ul>	
3.4a.13	Technical and research institutions	
3.4a.14	<ul> <li>Quarrying of Clay and Stone</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Quarrying of Gravel</li> </ul>	
3.4a.15	Sewage farms	
	<ul> <li>Public utilities like garbage and sewage disposal</li> </ul>	
	municipal and Government offices	
3.4a.16	Goods and Logistic Hubs	
3.4a.17	All uses that are permissible under Traffic &	

	Transportation use	
3.4a.18	<ul> <li>Microwave towers</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Power plants</li> </ul>	
3.4a.19	<ul> <li>Parking lot (including multi-level)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Bus and truck terminals</li> </ul>	
3.4a.20	<ul> <li>Dairy and poultry farms</li> </ul>	
3.4a.21	<ul> <li>Slaughterhouse and meat processing unit</li> </ul>	
3.4a.22	Automobile Service station	
3.4a.23	<ul> <li>Ice and freezing plants with power</li> </ul>	
3.4a.24	<ul> <li>Gas Godowns</li> </ul>	

## 3.4.(b) Hazardous /Polluting industrial zone

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.4b.1	<ul> <li>All types of industries mentioned in Annexure-A under Red and Orange categories Industries</li> </ul>	
3.4b.2	• All other usage permissible from 3.4a.2 to 3.4a.24 are permissible	

## 3.5 Public and Semi-Public Use (Institutional) Zone (PS)

S. No		Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.5.1	•	Local	
	•	State	
	•	Central government offices and uses	
	•	Semi Government	
	•	Public undertaking offices and uses	
	•	Uses incidental to government offices and their use	
	•	Radio transmission and wireless stations	
	•	Municipal and community facilities	
	•	Public utilities	
3.5.2	•	Defense uses	
	•	Research and development centers	
3.5.3	•	Libraries	
	•	All educational and medical institutions	
3.5.4	•	All types of Hospitals	
	•	Health/primary center	
3.5.5	•	Social, welfare and cultural institutions	
3.5.6	•	Religious buildings/centers	
	•	Religious and Welfare Institutions along with	
		residential quarters	
3.5.7	•	Art galleries	
	•	Monuments	
3.5.8	•	Conference halls	
	•	Function halls	
	•	Kalyana Mandapams	
	•	Auditoriums	
3.5.9	•	Off street parking	

3.5.10	•	Burial ground	l l
5.5.10		Cemeteries and crematoria	
3.5.11	•	Sports stadium	
5.5.11		Swimming pools	
	•	Gardens, Parks, playgrounds and other recreational	
	•	uses requiring extensive open space	
	•	Exhibitions and fair grounds	
		Special recreational areas	
		Picnic spots	
		Geological and botanical gardens	
		Museums	
		Aquarium	
		Water fronts and areas of scenic interest and national	
		parks	
		Open air theatres	
		Temporary uses for exhibition	
		Circus fair festivals	
	•	Welfare center	
	•	Auditorium	
	•	recreational club	
	•	Golf Courses	
	•	Racecourses/Gokarting/Racing track	
	•	Shooting ranges	
	•	Amusement Parks and Theme Parks	
	•	Stables	
	•	Planetarium	
	•	Horticultural nursery	
3.5.12	•	Computer software units	
	•	IT enabled services on independent plots having at	
		least 1000 sq.m size.	
3.5.13	•	Residential and other uses incidental to the main use	
		and in no way causing any nuisance or hazard	
3.5.14	•	Bank	
3.5.15	•	Guest house	
	•	Hostels	
3.5.16	•	Water supply installations	
	•	Sewage disposal works	
	•	Service stations	
	•	Jail	
	•	Police station	
	•	Post office	
3.5.17	•	Rail and Road terminus	
	•	Helipads	
	•	Airports/Port	
	•	Airport related ancillary uses	
	•	Railway station/yard	
3.5.18	•	Educational Institutions like.,	
	•	School, Degree Colleges and Professional Colleges/	
		Universities	

	•	Polytechnic college
	•	Library
	•	Research and development center
3.5.19	•	Petrol pump
3.5.20	•	Residential plotted or group housing for
		staff/employees as incidental to the main use
	•	Retail shopping centre
3.5.21	•	Spastic rehabilitation centers
	•	Orphanages
	•	Choultaries
	•	Old age homes
3.5.22	•	Dobhi Ghat

• The lands earmarked for buffers under HT Lines can be used for service roads and access to neighbouring fields.

## 3.6 Public Utilities Use Zone (PU)

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.6.1	• Road transport terminals (Bus terminals & depots)	
	<ul> <li>Goods Terminals</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Parking areas</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Truck terminal</li> </ul>	
	Railways – Passenger and Freight Terminals	
3.6.2	<ul> <li>Airports buildings and infrastructure</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Helipads</li> </ul>	
3.6.3	<ul> <li>Motor garage</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Workshop and incidental amenities</li> </ul>	
3.6.4	<ul> <li>Booking offices</li> </ul>	
3.6.5	<ul> <li>Transmission center</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Wireless station</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Radio and television station</li> </ul>	
	Telephone exchange	
3.6.6	<ul> <li>Observatory and weather office</li> </ul>	
3.6.7	<ul> <li>Petrol filling stations with garages &amp; service stations</li> </ul>	
	Weigh bridges	
3.6.8	<ul> <li>Warehousing</li> </ul>	
3.6.9	<ul> <li>Public utility buildings.</li> </ul>	
3.6.10	<ul> <li>Any other use/activity incidental to transport and</li> </ul>	
	communication use, residential units for staff.	
3.6.11	Accessory and support shopping activity	
3.6.12	• Banks	
3.6.13	Hotels	
	<ul> <li>Restaurants</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Way side amenities.</li> </ul>	
3.6.14	Night shelter	

• Competent Authority can permit any use in Government Land irrespective of its usage as per Government Orders without per-Judious to Court Orders.

## 3.7 Recreational Open Space Use Zone (RE)

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.7.1	Regional parks	
	All other parks	
	<ul> <li>Playgrounds</li> </ul>	
	Children traffic parks	
	<ul> <li>Specialized parks/ Maidans for multi use</li> </ul>	
3.7.2	Botanical/ Zoological garden	
	Bird Sanctuary	
3.7.3	<ul> <li>All recreational activities/resorts/tourism activities/uses which will create tourism promotion are permissible in this zone subject to obtaining relevant No objection certificates/ clearances from the concerned/ respective departments like irrigation department, River conservation etc to encourage tourism promotion.</li> <li>Building and structures ancillary to uses permitted in open spaces and parks such as stand for vehicles on hire, subject to the total ground coverage not exceeding 2%, Camping grounds</li> <li>Open air cinemas</li> <li>Commercials use of transit nature like cinema</li> <li>Circus and other shows</li> </ul>	
3.7.4	<ul> <li>Holiday resorts having minimum plot area of 10 acres with ground coverage not exceeding 5%.</li> </ul>	
3.7.5	• Film Studios/city having minimum plot area of 10 acres, with ground coverage not exceeding 10%	

### 3.8 Transportation Use Zone (T)

In the Traffic and Transport use zone, building or premises shall normally be permitted only for the following purposes and accessory uses:

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.8.1	Aerial Ropeway	
3.8.2	Airport	
3.8.3	<ul> <li>Auto Garages &amp; Repair Shops and facilities such as night shelters</li> </ul>	
3.8.4	Automobile Showrooms	
	<ul> <li>Logistic Park / Warehouses / CFS-Container Freight</li> </ul>	
	Station	

3.8.5	Bus Bays & Local I	
	<ul> <li>Bus Terminus &amp; De</li> </ul>	pot
3.8.6	<ul> <li>Cold Storage</li> </ul>	
3.8.7	Container Terminal	
3.8.8	<ul> <li>Convention Centers</li> </ul>	
	• Exhibition Grounds	
3.8.9	Electrical Substation	1
	• Fire Station / Disast	er risk resilience Centre
	<ul> <li>Fuel Filling Station</li> </ul>	/ Petrol / Gas / Diesel / Bio Diesel
3.8.10	<ul> <li>Garden, Parks</li> </ul>	
3.8.11	<ul> <li>Helipad, Heliport</li> </ul>	
3.8.12	• Hotel	
	• Lodging / Guest Ho	uses
	• Restaurant / Cantee	n / Eating houses
3.8.13	<ul> <li>Jetty along navigable</li> </ul>	e water bodies, rivers, canals, sea
3.8.14	<ul> <li>Truck Parking</li> </ul>	
		Open Parking/Taxi / Auto
	Rickshaw Stand	
3.8.15	<ul> <li>Offices</li> </ul>	
	<u>-</u>	olice / Traffic Police Station
	• RTO	
3.8.16	<ul> <li>Piped Gas Control S</li> </ul>	tation,
3.8.17	Railway / Metro / B	RTS Station,
3.8.18	<ul> <li>Retail trade and serv</li> </ul>	vices including bank branch
3.8.19	<ul> <li>Secondhand</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Junk goods and Jun</li> </ul>	·
3.8.20	_	t Plant, Solid Waste Disposal and
	Treatment Sites / La	ndfills
3.8.21	<ul> <li>Staff Quarters Incid</li> </ul>	ental to main use
3.8.22	<ul> <li>Trade Center</li> </ul>	
3.8.23	Market / Weekly Ba	zaar

## 3.9 Agricultural Use Zone (A)

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.9.1	All agricultural uses and Horticulture uses	
	• Diary and Cattle/Cow Shed, Gau shallas, Emu Farms,	
	Stud Farms	
	Cattle fairgrounds	
	<ul> <li>Piggeries, poultry farms, animal and bird farms</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Fish farms</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Forestry</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Pisciculture, Floriculture</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Aqua farms</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Hatcheries</li> </ul>	
3.9.2	Electric Sub-stations	

Ì	١.	Receiving stations	
		Water tanks and reservoirs	
	•	Burial/burning grounds or crematoria and brick kilns	
		All types of brick/block industries	
		Pre-cast cement industries	
		Ready mix concrete plants	
3.9.3	•	Residential building/Farm-house for Agricultural	
3.7.3		activities subject to plinth area not exceeding 5% of	
		continuous agricultural land holding up to G+1 floor	
		only. This is not applicable for the lands intentionally	
		sub-divided duly forming new roads.	
3.9.4	•	Installation of electric machinery of not exceeding 15	
3.7.4		HP may be allowed for the uses mentioned above	
		Food processing industries	
		Agro based industries	
		Sugar mills	
	•	Jaggery mills	
	•	Ice industry	
		Mills for grinding, hulling, etc. of cereals, pulses, food	
		grains, oil seeds and rice mills provided the site has	
		proper access and installations do not exceed 50 H.P.	
	•	Service and repairs of farm machinery and agriculture	
		supplies	
	•	Windmills	
	•	Solar energy stations.	
3.9.5	•	Petrol Pump and other fuel filling stations	
3.9.6	•	Storing and drying of fertilizers incidental to the	
		agricultural operations	
3.9.7	•	Camping sites and other recreational uses	
	•	Parks and playgrounds	
3.9.8	•	Sewage farms and garbage dumps	
	•	Water treatment plants	
	•	Sewerage Treatment Plant	
3.9.9	•	Function halls	
	•	Hospitals and Hostels	
	•	All Educational Buildings	
	•	Veterinary Hospital	
3.9.10	•	Amusement parks such as Disney land type	
	•	Eco-tourism activities	
	•	Toy trains	
	•	Gardens/ Botanical and Geological gardens	
	•	Orchards	
	•	Nurseries	
	•	Golf centers	
	•	Racecourse	
	•	Race/Driving testing tracks	
	•	Cultural buildings	
3.9.11	•	Livestock rearing milk chilling centers	
3.9.12	•	Cold storage/Ripening chambers	

	Warehouse
	Storage and sale of farm products locally produced
3.9.13	Brick kilns
	Concrete block
3.9.14	Filling stations
	Weigh bridges and check posts
3.9.15	<ul> <li>Places of worship</li> </ul>
3.9.16	Helipads
3.9.17	Mini power projects
3.9.18	<ul> <li>Old age and orphanage homes, public utilities such as solid waste landfills</li> </ul>
3.9.19	Check posts and toll gates having access to major roads
3.9.20	Truck terminals
3.9.21	Quarrying and removal of clay and stone up to 3.0m depth and crushing
3.9.22	Petrol/Gas filling stations
3.9.23	Electrical/Battery recharge Stations

## 3.10 Growth Corridor Zone (GC)

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.10.1	<ul> <li>This use is applicable to only Metropolitan Cities and Metropolitan regions</li> <li>All uses permissible in mixed use zones is permissible in Growth Corridor use zone</li> <li>All uses permissible in Transport use zone is permissible in Growth Corridor use zone</li> </ul>	

## B. DEVELOPMENT RESTRICTED ZONE [DRZ]

## 3.11 Special Area Zone (SA)

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.11.1	Heritage Buildings and precincts	
	The Heritage Regulations issued by the	
	Government from time to time shall be applicable	
3.11.2	Defense / Military Lands	
	Defense/Military Lands are lands under occupation of the Defense Services or otherwise earmarked for defense services. These cannot be put to other uses. The areas covered by Defense lands and certain adjoining areas as may be specifically notified, may be subjected to restrictions on constructions or on the use of lands in the interest of safety and security	

of the defense services or the civil population living in the contiguous areas. The restrictions as stipulated in the Building Rules / Government guidelines and modified from time to time shall be followed.

#### 3.12 Protected Use Zone (PR)

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.12.1	<ul> <li>Protected Zone (Blue)</li> <li>Water bodies Zone generally indicates all existing water courses, rivers, canals, lakes, tanks and Kuntas as indicated in the topographical sheets published by the Survey of India/Revenue records/Irrigation department/or other competent authorities</li> <li>The boundary of the water bodies relates to the Full tank Level as indicated in relevant maps, covering both perennial and non-perennial parts when such distinction exists. In water Body Zone no construction is permitted in the water-spread.</li> <li>The only exception is fishing, boating, and picnics along the banks. The only construction allowed is open to sky jetties for boating, house boats, platforms for fishing and rain shelters' and snack bars each not exceeding 100 sq.m in area and tourist amenities.</li> </ul>	
3.12.2	<ul> <li>Protected Zone (Green)</li> <li>No development permission shall be allowed except Agriculture, Horticulture and forestry use</li> <li>Parks</li> <li>Botanical gardens</li> <li>Picnic spots</li> <li>Public utilities</li> <li>Electrical sub stations</li> <li>Microwave radar/cell phones tower/T.V. tower and station are permitted in the zone.</li> </ul>	

#### Annexure – A Categories of Industries/Projects/Activities

#### Categories of Industries/Projects/Activities

The Central Pollution Control Board vide order issued to APPCB on 7<sup>th</sup> March, 2016 under section 18(1) (b) of the Water Act, 1974 and Section 18(1) (b) of the Air Act, 1981 directed to adopt revised criteria of categorization of industrial sectors communicated with the orders. Revised list of Red, Orange, Green and White category of industrial sectors shall be used by PCB for

#### Red Category

Sl.No.	Industry sector
1	Isolated storage of hazardous chemicals (as per schedule of manufacturing, storage
	of hazardous chemicals rules, 1989 as amended)
2	Automobile Manufacturing (integrated facilities)
	i. Such types of plants are having either one or combinations of polluting
	activities viz. washing, metal surface finishing operations, pickling, plating,
	electro-plating, phosphating, painting, heat treatment etc.
	ii. Some of such plants may outsource some /all of the polluting activities. In such cases, after thorough inspection of such units by concerned SPCB, re-
	categorization of the industry shall be made accordingly.
3	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste
	under schedule iv of HW(M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Spent cleared
	metal catalyst containing copper,, Spent cleared metal catalyst containing zinc
4	Manufacturing of lubricating oils, grease petroleum based products
5	DG Set of capacity > 5 MVA
6	Industrial carbon including electrodes and graphite blocks, activated carbon, carbon
7	black
/	Lead acid battery manufacturing (excluding assembling and charging of lead-acid battery in micro scale)
8	Phosphate rock processing plant
9	Power generation plant [except Wind and Solar renewable power plants of
	all capacities and Mini Hydel power plant of capacity <25MW]
10	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste
	under schedule iv of HW( M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Spent
	catalyst containing nickel, cadmium, Zinc, copper, arsenic, vanadium and cobalt,
11	Processes involving chlorinated hydrocarbons
12	Sugar (excluding Khandsari)
13	Fibre glass production and processing (excluding moulding)
14	Fire crackers manufacturing and bulk storage facilities
15	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste
	under schedule iv of HW( M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Dismantlers Recycling Plants — Components of waste electrical and electronic assembles
	comprising accumulators and other batteries included on list A, mercury-switches,
	activated glass cullets from cathode-ray tubes and other activated glass and PCB-
	capacitors, or any other component contaminated with Schedule 2 constituents (e.g.
	cadmium, mercury, lead, polychlorinated biphenyl) to an extent that they exhibit
	hazard characteristics indicated in part C of this Schedule.
16	Milk processes and dairy products (integrated project)
17	Phosphorous and its compounds
18	Pulp & Paper (wastepaper based without bleaching process to manufacture Kraft
19	paper) Coke making liquefection goal for distillation or fuel gas making
20	Coke making, liquefaction, coal tar distillation or fuel gas making  Manufacturing of explosives, detonators, fuses including management and handling
20	activities
21	Manufacturing of paints varnishes, pigments and intermediate (excluding
_	blending/mixing)
22	Organic Chemicals manufacturing
23	Airports and Commercial Air Strips

24	Asbestos and asbestos based industries
25	Cement
26	Chlorates, per-chlorates & peroxides
27	Chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine and their compounds
28	Dyes and Dye- Intermediates
29	Health-care Establishment ( as defined in BMW Rules)
	i. Mainly water polluting.
	ii. The water pollution score is normalized to 100 & valid for Hospitals having
	total waste-water generation > 100 KLD.
	iii. The hospitals with incinerator will be categorized as Red irrespective of the
	quantity of the waste -water generation.
	iv. The hospitals having Total waste-water generation less than 100 KLD and
	without incinerator, the normalized water pollution score will be 50 and will
20	be categorized as Orange category
30	Hotels having overall waste- water generation @ 100 KLD and more.
	<ul><li>i. Mainly water polluting. Small boiler may be installed.</li><li>ii. The water pollution score is normalized to 100 &amp; valid for Hotels having</li></ul>
	ii. The water pollution score is normalized to 100 & valid for Hotels having waste-water generation > 100 KLD.
	iii. The hotels having more than 20 rooms and waste-water generation less than
	100 KLD and having a coal / oil fired boiler, the pollution score will be
	35/40 & are categorized as Orange.
	iv. The hotels having more than 20 rooms and waste-water generation less than
	10 KLD and having no-boiler & no hazardous waste generation, the
	pollution score will be 20 & are categorized as Green.
31	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste
	under schedule iv of HW( M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 - Items namely - Lead acid
	battery plates and other lead scrap/ashes/residues not covered under Batteries
	(Management and Handling) Rules, 2001. [ * Battery scrap, namely: Lead battery
	plates covered by ISRI, Code word "Rails" Battery lugs covered by ISRI, Code
	word "Rakes". Scrap drained/dry while intact, lead batteries covered by ISRI, Code
	word "rains".
32	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste
	under schedule iv of HW( M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Integrated
	Recycling Plants — Components of waste electrical and electronic assembles comprising accumulators and other batteries included on list A, mercury-switches,
	activated glass cullets from cathode-ray tubes and other activated glass and PCB-
	capacitors, or any other component contaminated with Schedule 2 constituents (e.g.
	cadmium, mercury, lead, polychlorinated biphenyl) to an extent that they exhibit
	hazard characteristics indicated in part C of this Schedule.
33	Manufacturing of glue and gelatin
34	Mining and ore beneficiation
35	Nuclear power plant
36	Pesticides (technical) (excluding formulation)
37	Photographic film and its chemicals
38	Railway locomotive work shop/Integrated road transport workshop/Authorized
	service centers
39	Yarn / Textile processing involving any effluent/emission generating processes
Ī -	including bleaching, dyeing, printing and colouring
40	Chlor Alkali
	·

41	Ship Breaking Industries
42	Oil and gas extraction including CBM (offshore & on-shore extraction through drilling wells)
43	Industry or process involving metal surface treatment or process such as pickling/electroplating/paint stripping/ heat treatment using cyanide bath/ phosphating or finishing and anodizing / enamellings/ galvanizing
44	Tanneries
45	Ports and harbour, jetties and dredging operations
46	Synthetic fibers including rayon ,tyre cord, polyester filament yarn
47	Thermal Power Plants
48	Slaughter house (as per notification S.O.270(E)dated 26.03.2001) and meat processing industries, bone mill, processing of animal horn, hoofs and other body parts
49	Aluminium Smelter
50	Copper Smelter
51	Fertilizer (basic) (excluding formulation)
52	Iron & Steel (involving processing from ore/ integrated steel plants) and or Sponge Iron units
53	Pulp & Paper ( waste paper based units with bleaching process to manufacture writing & printing paper)
54	Zinc Smelter
55	Oil Refinery (mineral Oil or Petro Refineries)
56	Petrochemicals Manufacturing (including processing of Emulsions of oil and water)
57	Pharmaceuticals
58	Pulp & Paper ( Large-Agro + wood), Small Pulp & Paper (agro based- heat straw/rice husk)
59	Distillery ( molasses / grain / yeast based)

Orang	Orange Category	
S.No	Industry Sector	
1	Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/coaches)	
2	Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces)	
3	Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice( muri and shira) using husk fired oven	
4	Coated electrode manufacturing	
5	Compact disc computer floppy and cassette manufacturing / Reel manufacturing	
6	Flakes from rejected PET bottle	
7	Food and food processing including fruits and vegetable processing	
8	Jute processing without dyeing	
9	Manufacturing of silica gel	
10	Manufacturing of tooth powder, toothpaste, talcum powder and othercosmetic items	
11	Printing or etching of glass sheet using hydrofluoric acid	
12	Silk screen printing, sari printing by wooden blocks	
13	Synthetic detergents and soaps(excluding formulation) This is the score for units having generation of waste-waters less than 100 KLD. The units having waste- water generation more than 100 KLD will become mainly water polluting and accordingly normalized water pollution score will be 75 and be	

painting (emissions of VOCs). Units without painting operations shall be catego as White.  Aluminium & copper extraction from scrap using oil fired furnace (dry process or Automobile servicing, repairing and painting (excluding only fuel dispensing) No water & air polluting and recyclable waste oil generating. If the waste v generation is more than 100 KLD, it will become mainly water polluting and category unit.  Ayurvedic and homeopathic medicine  Brickfields (excluding fly ash brick manufacturing using lime process)  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area In the pre-construction stage, it is mainly air polluting due to generation of dust (emissions.  After construction, it is mainly water polluting. If the discharge is more than KLD, it will be having the normalized score of 75 and be categorized as Red.  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area Mainly air polluting industry.  This score is for the units having coal consumption < than 12 MT/day.  For the units having coal consumption > 12 MT /day, the normalized air polluscore will be 62.5 and shall be categorized as Red.  Coal washeries  Dois et of capacity > IMVA but < 5MVA  Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinte pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces the melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making  Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous me (excluding lead) up -to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 ar categorized as Red		categorized as Red.
Cotton spinning and weaving (medium and large scale)	14	Thermometer manufacturing
Almirah, Grill Manufacturing (Dry Mechanical Process ) Air pollution due to a painting (emissions of VOCs). Units without painting operations shall be catego as White.  Aluminium & copper extraction from scrap using oil fired furnace (dry process or Automobile servicing, repairing and painting (excluding only fuel dispensing) No water & air polluting and recyclable waste oil generating. If the waste of generation is more than 100 KLD, it will become mainly water polluting and category unit.  Ayurvedic and homeopathic medicine  Brickfields (excluding fly ash brick manufacturing using lime process)  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area In the pre-construction stage, it is mainly air polluting due to generation of dust of emissions.  After construction, it is mainly water polluting. If the discharge is more than KLD, it will be having the normalized score of 75 and be categorized as Red.  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area Mainly air polluting industry.  This score is for the units having coal consumption < than 12 MT/day.  For the units having coal consumption > 12 MT /day, the normalized air polluscore will be 62.5 and shall be categorized as Red.  Coal washeries  Dairy and dairy products (small scale)  DG set of capacity > IMVA but < 5MVA  Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinte pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For lad, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 ar categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnac		Cotton spinning and weaving (medium and large scale)
Automobile servicing, repairing and painting (excluding only fuel dispensing) No water & air polluting and recyclable waste oil generating. If the waste vigeneration is more than 100 KLD, it will become mainly water polluting and category unit.  19 Ayurvedic and homeopathic medicine 20 Brickfields (excluding fly ash brick manufacturing using lime process)  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area In the pre-construction stage, it is mainly air polluting due to generation of dust (emissions.  After construction, it is mainly water polluting. If the discharge is more than KLD, it will be having the normalized score of 75 and be categorized as Red.  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area Mainly air polluting industry.  This score is for the units having coal consumption < than 12 MT/day.  For the units having coal consumption > 12 MT /day, the normalized air polluscore will be 62.5 and shall be categorized as Red.  Coal washeries  24 Dairy and dairy products (small scale)  25 DG set of capacity > IMVA but < 5MVA  Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinte pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces thr melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces thr melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making Mainly air polluting.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 ard categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with A		Almirah, Grill Manufacturing (Dry Mechanical Process ) Air pollution due to spray painting (emissions of VOCs). Units without painting operations shall be categorized
water & air polluting and recyclable waste oil generating. If the waste of generation is more than 100 KLD, it will become mainly water polluting and category unit.  Ayurvedic and homeopathic medicine  Brickfields ( excluding fly ash brick manufacturing using lime process)  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area In the pre-construction stage, it is mainly air polluting due to generation of dust of emissions.  After construction, it is mainly water polluting. If the discharge is more than KLD, it will be having the normalized score of 75 and be categorized as Red.  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area Mainly air polluting industry.  This score is for the units having coal consumption < than 12 MT/day.  For the units having coal consumption > 12 MT /day, the normalized air polluscore will be 62.5 and shall be categorized as Red.  Coal washeries  Dairy and dairy products ( small scale)  DG set of capacity > 1MVA but < 5MVA  Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinte pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces the melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous m (excluding lead) up -to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 arc ategorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace – separate calculation sha made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where	17	Aluminium & copper extraction from scrap using oil fired furnace (dry process only)
Brickfields (excluding fly ash brick manufacturing using lime process)  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area In the pre-construction stage, it is mainly air polluting due to generation of dust of emissions.  After construction, it is mainly water polluting. If the discharge is more than KLD, it will be having the normalized score of 75 and be categorized as Red.  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area Mainly air polluting industry.  This score is for the units having coal consumption < than 12 MT/day.  For the units having coal consumption > 12 MT /day, the normalized air polluscore will be 62.5 and shall be categorized as Red.  Coal washeries  Dairy and dairy products (small scale)  Doy coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinte pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces the melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous me (excluding lead) up —to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 ar categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace — separate calculation sha made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like manga and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silico also added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal. the normalize pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categ	18	Automobile servicing, repairing and painting (excluding only fuel dispensing) Normal water & air polluting and recyclable waste oil generating. If the waste water generation is more than 100 KLD, it will become mainly water polluting and Red category unit.
Brickfields (excluding fly ash brick manufacturing using lime process)  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area In the pre-construction stage, it is mainly air polluting due to generation of dust of emissions.  After construction, it is mainly water polluting. If the discharge is more than KLD, it will be having the normalized score of 75 and be categorized as Red.  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area Mainly air polluting industry.  This score is for the units having coal consumption < than 12 MT/day.  For the units having coal consumption > 12 MT /day, the normalized air polluscore will be 62.5 and shall be categorized as Red.  Coal washeries  Dairy and dairy products (small scale)  Doy coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinte pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces the melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous me (excluding lead) up —to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 ar categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace — separate calculation sha made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like manga and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silico also added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal. the normalize pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categ	19	· ·
Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area In the pre-construction stage, it is mainly air polluting due to generation of dust of emissions.  After construction, it is mainly water polluting. If the discharge is more than KLD, it will be having the normalized score of 75 and be categorized as Red.  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area Mainly air polluting industry.  This score is for the units having coal consumption < than 12 MT/day.  For the units having coal consumption > 12 MT /day, the normalized air polluscore will be 62.5 and shall be categorized as Red.  Coal washeries  Dairy and dairy products (small scale)  DG set of capacity > IMVA but < 5MVA  Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinte pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of ald (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces thr melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous m (excluding lead) up -to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 ar categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace – separate calculation sha made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like manga and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silico also added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal. the normalize pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categorized as Red.		<u> </u>
In the pre-construction stage, it is mainly air polluting due to generation of dust of emissions.  After construction, it is mainly water polluting. If the discharge is more than KLD, it will be having the normalized score of 75 and be categorized as Red.  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area Mainly air polluting industry.  This score is for the units having coal consumption < than 12 MT/day.  For the units having coal consumption > 12 MT /day, the normalized air polluscore will be 62.5 and shall be categorized as Red.  Coal washeries  Dairy and dairy products (small scale)  DG set of capacity > IMVA but < 5MVA  Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinte pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces the melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making  Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making  Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of serrous & non-ferrous melting, refining, re-processing and alloy- making  Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of serrous & non-ferrous melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making  Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of serrous & non-ferrous melting, refining, re-processing, and indication furnace clubbed with AOD furnace — separate calculation sha made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furn		
KLD, it will be having the normalized score of 75 and be categorized as Red.  Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area Mainly air polluting industry.  This score is for the units having coal consumption < than 12 MT/day. For the units having coal consumption > 12 MT /day, the normalized air polluscore will be 62.5 and shall be categorized as Red.  Coal washeries  Dairy and dairy products (small scale)  DG set of capacity > 1MVA but < 5MVA  Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinte pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD. For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces thr melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous m (excluding lead) up -to 1 MT/hour production. For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 ar categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace – separate calculation sha made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like manga and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silico also added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal. the normalize pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categorized as Red.  Fertilizer (granulation / formulation / blending only)	21	In the pre-construction stage, it is mainly air polluting due to generation of dust (PM) emissions.
Mainly air polluting industry.  This score is for the units having coal consumption < than 12 MT/day.  For the units having coal consumption > 12 MT /day, the normalized air polluscore will be 62.5 and shall be categorized as Red.  Coal washeries  Dairy and dairy products (small scale)  DG set of capacity > 1MVA but < 5MVA  Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinte pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces thr melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous m (excluding lead) up -to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 ar categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace – separate calculation sha made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like manga and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silico also added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal. the normalize pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categorized as Red.  Fertilizer (granulation / formulation / blending only)		1
23 Coal washeries 24 Dairy and dairy products (small scale) 25 DG set of capacity > 1MVA but < 5MVA 26 Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinte pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces the melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making  Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous melexcluding lead) up -to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 are categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace — separate calculation shad made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like mangal and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silicotals added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal. the normalized pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categorized as Red.  Fertilizer (granulation / formulation / blending only)	22	Mainly air polluting industry.  This score is for the units having coal consumption < than 12 MT/day.  For the units having coal consumption > 12 MT /day, the normalized air pollution
Dairy and dairy products (small scale)  DG set of capacity > 1MVA but < 5MVA  Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinte pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces the melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making  Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous m (excluding lead) up —to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 ar categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace — separate calculation sha made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like manga and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silico also added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal. the normalize pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categorized as Red.  Fertilizer (granulation / formulation / blending only)	22	
DG set of capacity > 1MVA but < 5MVA  Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinter pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD.  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces the melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making  Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous metal excluding lead) up—to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 are categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace — separate calculation shade based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like mangal and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silicotals added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal, the normalized pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categorized as Red.  Fertilizer (granulation / formulation / blending only)	<u> </u>	
Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sinted pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alco (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces through melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous melting lead) up -to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 are categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace - separate calculation shate made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like mangal and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silicotals added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal. the normalized pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categorized as Red.  Fertilizer (granulation / formulation / blending only)		· · · · ·
pelletisating, grinding & pulverization  Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alc (Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces the melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making  Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous melting (excluding lead) up—to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 are categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace— separate calculation shat made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like mangal and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silico also added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal. the normalize pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categorized as Red.  Fertilizer (granulation / formulation / blending only)	25	
(Extra Neutral Alcohol)  Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for having discharge < 100 KLD  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score be 75 and shall be accordingly categorized as Red.  Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces thr melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous m (excluding lead) up -to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 ar categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace – separate calculation sha made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like manga and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silico also added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal. the normalize pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categorized as Red.  Fertilizer (granulation / formulation / blending only)	26	
Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces thromelting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous metal (excluding lead) up—to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 are categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace—separate calculation shat made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like mangate and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silicotalso added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal, the normalize pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categorized as Red.  Fertilizer (granulation / formulation / blending only)	27	Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for units having discharge < 100 KLD  For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score will
	28	Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces through melting, refining, re-processing, casting and alloy- making Mainly air polluting.  This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous metals (excluding lead) up –to 1 MT/hour production.  For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categorized as Red.  For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace – separate calculation shall be made based on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal from induction furnace is transferred to AOD furnace where other metals like manganese and nickel are added to get the metal of desired constituents. The lime and silicon are also added for reduction of the metal oxides to the base metal. the normalized air
	20	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<b>49</b>	i crimzer (grandiation / formalation / blending only)

31	Fish processing and packing (excluding chilling of fishes)
32	Forging of ferrous and non- ferrous metals (using oil and gas fired furnaces)
33	Formulation/pelletization of camphor tablets, naphthalene balls from camphor/naphthalene powders.
34	Glass ceramics, earthen potteries and tile manufacturing using oil and as fired kilns, coating on glasses using cerium fluorides and magnesium fluoride etc.
35	Gravure printing, digital printing on flex, vinyl
36	Heat treatment using oil fired furnace (without cyaniding)
37	Hot mix plants
38	Hotels ( $< 3 \text{ star}$ ) or hotels having $\ge 20 \text{ rooms}$ and less than 100 rooms.
39	Ice cream
40	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under schedule iv of HW( M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Paint and ink Sludge/residues
41	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under schedule iv of HW( M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Brass Dross, Copper Dross,, Copper Oxide Mill Scale,, Copper Reverts, Cake & Residues,, Waste Copper and copper alloys in Dispersible form, Slags from copper processing for further processing or refining, Insulated Copper Wire,, Scrap/copper with PVC sheathing including ISRI-code material namely "Druid", Jelly filled Copper cables, Zinc Dross-Hot dip Galvanizers SLAB,, Zinc Dross-Bottom Dross,, Zinc ash/Skimming arising from galvanizing and die casting operations,, Zinc ash/Skimming/other zinc bearing wastes arising from smelting and refining,, Zinc ash and residues including zinc alloy residues in dispersible from ,,
42	Industry or processes involving foundry operations This score is valid for the foundries having capacity < 5 MT/hr as such units require the coal/coke @ < 500 kg/hr. The units having capacity of 5 MT/hr and more, the coal/coke consumption will be more than 500 kg/hr and the normalized score will be 62.5 and classified accordingly as Red.
43	Lime manufacturing (using lime kiln)
44	Liquid floor cleaner, black phenyl, liquid soap, glycerol mono-stearate manufacturing Both air and water pollution are generated
45	Manufacturing of glass Mainly air polluting (melting at 1500°C and refining) In case of lead glass, the score of A1 will be 25 and accordingly the normalized scores will be 62.5 i.e. Red
46	Manufacturing of iodized salt from crude/ raw salt
47	Manufacturing of mirror from sheet glass
48	Manufacturing of mosquito repellent coil
49	Manufacturing of Starch/Sago
50	Mechanized laundry using oil fired boiler
51	Modular wooden furniture from particle board, MDF< swan timber etc, Ceiling tiles/partition board from saw dust, wood chips etc., and other agricultural waste using synthetic adhesive resin, wooden box making (With boiler)  1. Mainly air polluting. Boiler as well as VOCs from use of adhesives.  2. Without boiler, it will be a Green category industry.
52	New highway construction project
~ _	r

	Non-alcoholic beverages(soft drink) & bottling of alcohol/non alcoholic products
	Both air and water polluting. Score is normalized with air & water pollution. This
53	score is valid for industries having waste-water generation < 100 KLD.
	For the units having waste-water generation > 100 KLD the, normalized score would
	be 62.5 and categorized as Red.
54	Paint blending and mixing (Ball mill)
55	Paints and varnishes (mixing and blending)
56	Ply-board manufacturing( including Veneer and laminate) with oil fired boiler/thermic fluid heater(without resin plant)
57	Potable alcohol ( IMFL) by blending, bottling of alcohol products
58	Printing ink manufacturing
59	Printing press
60	Reprocessing of waste plastic including PVC
61	
	Rolling mill (oil or coal fired) and cold rolling mill
62	Spray painting, paint baking, paint shipping
<i>c</i> 2	Steel and steel products using various furnaces like blast furnace /open hearth
63	furnace/induction furnace/arc furnace/submerged arc furnace /basic oxygen furnace
	/hot rolling reheated furnace
64	Stone crushers
65	Surgical and medical products including prophylactics and latex
66	Tephlon based products
67	Thermocol manufacturing ( with boiler)
68	Tobacco products including cigarettes and tobacco/opium processes
69	Transformer repairing/ manufacturing ( dry process only)
70	Tyres and tubes vulcanization/ hot retreating
	Vegetable oil manufacturing including solvent extraction and refinery / hydrogenated
	oils
7.1	All sorts of pollution are generated.
71	This score is valid for plants having waste-water generation < 100 KLD.
	If the waste-water generation is more than 100 KLD, the unit shall be classified as
	Red.
72	Wire drawing and wire netting
	Dry cell battery (excluding manufacturing of electrodes) and assembling & charging
73	of acid lead battery on micro scale
	Pharmaceutical formulation and for R & D purpose (For sustained release/ extended
	release of drugs only and not for commercial purpose)
74	All sorts of pollution are generated.
	R&D activities are to be shifted to Red category.
76	Synthetic resins
77	Synthetic rubber excluding molding
78	Cashew nut processing
79	· •
19	Coffee seed processing
80	Parboiled Rice Mills
	Rice Mills are generating both air and water pollution. Waste-waters are having high
	strength in respect of BOD.
	This is the normalized air & water pollution score for units having waste-water
	generation < 100 KLD and fuel consumption less than 12 MTD.
	For units having waste-water generation > 100 KLD or fuel consumption > 12 MTD

	or both, the unit shall be classified as Red.
81	Foam manufacturing
82	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under schedule iv of HW( M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Used Oil – As per specifications prescribed from time to time.
82	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under schedule iv of HW( M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Waste Oil – As per specifications prescribed from time to time.
83	Producer gas plant using conventional up drift coal gasification (linked to rolling mills glass and ceramic industry refectories for dedicated fuel supply)
Green	Category
S.NO	INDUSTRY SECTOR
1	Aluminium utensils from aluminium circles by pressing only (dry mechanical operation)
2	Ayurvedic and homeopathic medicines (without boiler)
3	Bakery /confectionery /sweets products (with production capacity 1 tpd (with gas or electrical oven)
4	Bi-axially oriented PP film along with metalizing operations
5	Biomass briquettes (sun drying) without using toxic hazardous wastes
6	Blending of mela mine resins & different powder, additives by physical mixing
7	Brass and bell metal utensils manufacturing from circles(dry mechanical operation without re-rolling facility)
8	Candy
	Cardboard or corrugated box and paper products (excluding paper or pulp
9	manufacturing and without using boilers)
10	Carpentry & wooden furniture manufacturing (excluding saw mill) with the help of electrical (motorized) machines such as electrical wood planner, steel saw cutting circular blade, etc.
11	Cement products (without using asbestos / boiler / steam curing) like pipe ,pillar, jafri, well ring, block/tiles etc.(should be done in closed covered shed to control fugitive emissions)
12	Ceramic colour manufacturing by mixing & blending only (not using boiler and wastewater recycling process)
13	Chilling plant, cold storage and ice making
14	Coke briquetting (sun drying)
15	Cotton spinning and weaving (small scale)
16	Dal Mills
17	Decoration of ceramic cups and plates by electric furnace
18	Digital printing on PVC clothes
19	Facility of handling, storage and transportation of food grains in bulk
20	Facility of handling, storage and transportation of food grains in bulk
21	Glass, ceramic, earthen potteries, tile and tile manufacturing using electrical kiln or not involving fossil fuel kiln
22	Glue from starch (physical mixing) with gas / electrically operated oven /boiler.
	Gold and silver smithy (purification with acid smelting operation and sulphuric acid
23	polishing operation) (using less or equal to 1 litre of sulphuric acid/ nitric acid per month)
24	Heat treatment with any of the new technology like ultrasound probe, induction

	hardening, ionization beam, gas carburizing etc.
25	Insulation and other coated papers (excluding paper or pipe manufacturing)
26	Leather foot wear and leather products (excluding tanning and hide processing except cottage scale)
27	Lubricating oil, greases or petroleum based products (only blending at normal temperature)
28	Manufacturing of pasted veneers using gas fired boiler or thermic fluid heater and by sun drying
29	Oil mill Ghani and extraction (no hydrogenation / refining)
30	Packing materials manufacturing from non asbestos fibre, vegetable fibre yarn
31	Phenyl/toilet cleaner formulation and bottling
32	Polythene and plastic processed products manufacturing (virgin plastic)
33	Poultry, Hatchery and Piggery
34	Power looms (without dye and bleaching)
35	Puffed rice (muri) (using gas or electrical heating system)
36	Pulverization of bamboo and scrap wood
37	Ready mix cement concrete
38	Reprocessing of waste cotton
39	Rice mill (Rice hullers only)
	Rolling mill (gas fired) and cold rolling mill
40 41 42 43	Rubber goods industry (with gas operated baby boiler)
42	Saw mills
43	Soap manufacturing (hand made without steam boiling / boiler)
44 45	Spice grinding (upto-20 HP motor)
45	Spice grinding (> 20 hp motor)
46	Steel furniture without spray painting
47	Steeping and processing of grains
48	Tyres and tube retreating (without boilers)
49	Chilling plant and ice making without using ammonia
50	CO <sub>2</sub> recovery
51	Distilled water (without boiler) with electricity as source of heat
52	Hotels (up to 20 rooms and without boilers)
53	Manufacturing of optical lenses (using electrical furnace)
54	Mineralized water
55	Tamarind powder manufacturing
56 57	Cutting, sizing and polishing of marble stone
57	Emery powder (fine dust of sand) manufacturing
58	Flyash export, transport & disposal facilities
59	Mineral stack yard / Railway sidings
60	Oil and gas transportation pipeline
61	Seasoning of wood in steam heated chamber
62	Synthetic detergent formulation
63	Tea processing (with boiler) With boiler, it is an orange category industry. Without
<u> </u>	boiler, it will be green category industry.

White Category	
S.NO	INDUSTRY SECTOR

1	Assembly of air coolers /conditioners, repairing and servicing
2	Assembly of bicycles, baby carriages and other small non motorizing vehicles
3	Bailing (hydraulic press) of waste papers
4	Bio fertilizer and bio-pesticides without using inorganic chemicals
5	Biscuits trays etc from rolled PVC sheet (using automatic vacuum forming machines)
6	Blending and packing of tea
7	Block making of printing without foundry (excluding wooden blocking)
8	Chalk making from plaster of Paris (only casting without boilers etc. (sun drying / electrical oven)
9	Compressed oxygen gas from crude liquid oxygen (without use of any solvents and by maintaining pressure & temperature only for separation of other gases)
10	Cotton and woolen hosiers making (Dry process only without any dying / washing operation)
11	Diesel pump repairing and servicing (complete mechanical dry process)
12	Electric lamp (bulb) and CFL manufacturing by assembling only
13	Electrical and electronic item assembling (completely dry process)
14	Engineering and fabrication units (dry process without any heat treatment / metal surface finishing operations / painting)
15	Flavoured betel nuts production/ grinding (completely dry mechanical operations)
16	Fly ash bricks/ block manufacturing
17	Fountain pen manufacturing by assembling only
18	DGlass ampules and vials making from glass tubes
19	Glass putty and sealant (by mixing with machine only)
20	Ground nut decorticating
21	Handloom/ carpet weaving (without dying and bleaching operation)
22	Leather cutting and stitching (more than 10 machine and using motor)
23	Manufacturing of coir items from coconut husks
24	Manufacturing of metal caps containers etc
25	Manufacturing of shoe brush and wire brush
26	Medical oxygen
27	Organic and inorganic nutrients (by physical mixing)
28	Organic manure (manual mixing)
29	Packing of powdered milk
30	Paper pins and u clips
31	Repairing of electric motors and generators (dry mechanical process)
32	Rope (plastic and cotton)
33	Scientific and mathematical instrument manufacturing
34	Solar module non-conventional energy apparatus manufacturing unit
35	Solar power generation through solar photovoltaic cell, wind power and mini hydel power (less than 25 MW)
36	Surgical and medical products assembling only (not involving effluent / emission generating processes)

#### Y. SRILAKSHMI SPECIAL CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT